WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2018 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

House Bill 4272

BY DELEGATE NELSON

[BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION]

[Introduced January 24, 2018; Referred

to the Committee on Pensions and Retirement then

Finance.]

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A BILL to amend and reenact §5-16D-1, §5-16D-3, §5-16D-4, and §5-16D-6 of the Code of West
 Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating to the West Virginia Retirement Health Benefit
 Trust Fund within the Public Employees Insurance Agency, modifying definitions to
 provide flexibility for compliance with the government accounting standards board
 guidance, and allowing the current allocation process for unfunded liability to continue.
 Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 16D. WEST VIRGINIA RETIREMENT HEALTH BENEFIT TRUST FUND.

§5-16D-1. Definitions.

1 As used in this article, the term:

2 (a) "Actuarial accrued liability" means that portion, as determined by a particular actuarial
 3 cost method, of the actuarial present value of fund obligations and administrative expenses which
 4 is not provided by future normal costs

5 (b) (a) "Actuarial cost method" means a method for determining the actuarial present value 6 of the obligations and administrative expenses of the fund and for developing an actuarially 7 equivalent allocation of the value to time periods, usually in the form of a normal cost and an 8 actuarial accrued liability <u>a total other post-employment benefits liability.</u> Acceptable actuarial 9 methods are the aggregate, attained age, entry age, frozen attained age, frozen entry age and 10 projected unit credit methods.

11 (c) (b) "Actuarially sound" means that calculated contributions to the fund are sufficient to 12 pay the full actuarial cost of the fund. The full actuarial cost includes both the normal cost of 13 providing for fund obligations as they accrue in the future and the cost of amortizing the unfunded 14 actuarial accrued liability total other post-employment benefits liability over a period of no more 15 than 30 years.

(d) (c) "Actuarial present value of total projected benefits" means the present value, at the
 valuation date, of the cost to finance benefits payable in the future, discounted to reflect the
 expected effects of the time value of money and the probability of payment.

(e) (d) "Actuarial assumptions" means assumptions regarding the occurrence of future
 events affecting the fund such as mortality, withdrawal, disability and retirement; changes in
 compensation and offered post-employment benefits; rates of investment earnings and other
 asset appreciation or depreciation; procedures used to determine the actuarial value of assets;
 and other relevant items.

(f) (e) "Actuarial valuation" means the determination, as of a valuation date, of the normal
 cost, actuarial accrued liability total other post-employment benefits liability, actuarial value of
 assets and related actuarial present values for the fund.

27 (g) (f) "Administrative expenses" means all expenses incurred in the operation of the fund,
 28 including all investment expenses.

29 (h) "Annual required contribution" means the amount employers must contribute in a given 30 year to fully fund the trust, as determined by the actuarial valuation in accordance with 31 requirements of generally accepted accounting principles. This amount shall represent a level of 32 funding that if paid on an ongoing basis is projected to cover the normal cost each year and 33 amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities of the plan over a period not to exceed thirty years

34 (i) (g) "Board" means the Public Employees Insurance Agency Finance Board created in
 35 §5-16-4 of this code.

36 (h) "Collective net other post-employment benefits liability" means for any actuarial
 37 valuation, the excess of the plan's total other post-employment benefits liability over the actuarial
 38 value of the assets of the fund under an actuarial cost method used by the fund for funding
 39 purposes.

40 (j) (i) "Cost-sharing multiple employer plan" means a single plan with pooling (cost-sharing)
41 arrangements for the participating employers. All risk, rewards, and costs, including benefit costs,
42 are shared and not attributed individually to the employers. A single actuarial valuation covers all
43 plan members and the same contribution rate applies for each employer.

44 (k) (j) "Covered health care expenses" means all actual health care expenses paid by the

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45 health plan on behalf of fund beneficiaries. Actual health care expenses include claims payments
46 to providers and premiums paid to intermediary entities and health care providers by the health
47 plan.

48 (I) (k) "Employer" means any employer as defined by §5-16-2 of this code which has or
 49 will have retired employees in any Public Employees Insurance Agency health plan.

50 (m) "Employer annual required contribution" means the portion of the annual required
 51 contribution which is the responsibility of that particular employer

52 (n) (l) "Fund" means the West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund established under
 53 this article.

54 (o) (m) "Fund beneficiaries" means all persons receiving post-employment health care
 55 benefits through the health plan.

56 (p) (n) "Health plan" means the health insurance plan or plans established under §5-16-1
57 *et seq.* of this code.

58 (q) (o) "Minimum annual employer payment" means the annual amount paid by employers 59 which, when combined with the retirees' contributions on their premiums that year, provide 60 sufficient funds such that the annual finance plan of the finance board will cover all projected 61 retiree covered health care expenses and related administrative costs for that year. The finance 62 board shall develop the minimum annual employer payment as part of its financial plan each year 63 as addressed in §5-16-5 of this code.

(r) (p) "Normal cost" means that portion of the actuarial present value of the fund
 obligations and expenses which is allocated to a valuation year by the actuarial cost method used
 for the fund.

67 (s) (q) "Obligations" means the administrative expenses of the fund and the cost of covered
 68 health care expenses incurred on behalf of fund beneficiaries.

(t) (r) "Other post-employment benefits" or "retiree post-employment health care benefits"
 means those benefits as addressed by governmental accounting standards board statement no.

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43 or any subsequent governmental standards board statement that may be applicable to thefund.

(u) (s) "Plan for other post-employment benefits" means the fiscal funding plan for retiree
 post-employment health care benefits as it relates to governmental accounting standards board
 statement no. 43 or any subsequent governmental accounting standards board statements that
 may be applicable to the fund.

(t) "Proportionate share" means the portion of the collective net OPEB Liability that is
attributed to, and the responsibility of, a particular employer.

79 (v) (u) "Retiree" means retired employee as defined by §5-16-2 of this code.

(w) (v) "Retirement system" or "system" means the West Virginia Consolidated Public
 Retirement Board created and established by §5-10-1 *et seq.* of this code and includes any
 retirement systems or funds administered or overseen by the Consolidated Public Retirement
 Board.

84 (w) "Total other post-employment benefits liability" means that portion, as determined by 85 <u>a particular actuarial cost method, of the actuarial present value of fund obligations and</u>

86 administrative expenses which is not provided by future normal costs.

87 (x) "Unfunded actuarial accrued liability" means for any actuarial valuation the excess of
 88 the actuarial accrued liability over the actuarial value of the assets of the fund under an actuarial

89 cost method used by the fund for funding purposes

§5-16D-3. Operation of trust fund.

(a) Responsibility for the rules and policies for the proper operation of the fund is vested
 in the board.

3 (b) The board shall adopt actuarial assumptions as it deems necessary and prudent.

4 (c) The board shall determine the annual required contribution rates <u>and proportionate</u>
<u>share</u> sufficient to maintain the fund in accordance with the state plan for other post-employment
benefits.

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(d) The board may promulgate, in accordance with §29A-1-1 *et seq.* of this code, any rules
it finds necessary to properly administer the fund. The board may promulgate emergency rules
pursuant to the provisions of §29A-3-15 of this code.

(e) The Public Employees Insurance Agency shall furnish reports to the board at each of
the board's regularly scheduled meetings. The reports shall contain the most recent information
reasonably available to the Public Employees Insurance Agency reflecting the obligations of the
fund, earnings on investments, and such other information as the board deems necessary and
appropriate.

(f) The Secretary of the Department of Administration, as chairman chair of the board, shall cause to be employed within the Public Employees Insurance Agency such personnel as may be needed to carry out the provisions of this article. The pro rata share of the costs to the Public Employees Insurance Agency of operating the fund shall be part of the administrative costs of the fund and shall be reimbursed to the Public Employees Insurance Agency.

(g) The Public Employees Insurance Agency, on the board's behalf, shall be responsible
for the day-to-day operation of the fund and may employ or contract for the services of actuaries
and other professionals as required to carry out the duties established by this article.

(h) The board shall contract with the West Virginia Investment Management Board for any
 necessary services with respect to fund investments.

(i) The Public Employees Insurance Agency, on the board's behalf, shall maintain all
 necessary records regarding the fund in accordance with generally accepted accounting
 principles.

(j) The Public Employees Insurance Agency, on the board's behalf, shall collect all moneys
due to the fund and shall pay current post-employment healthcare costs and any administrative
expenses necessary and appropriate for the operation of the fund from the fund. The fund's assets
shall be maintained and accounted for in state funds. The state funds shall be: (1) The Other
Post-Employment Benefit Contribution Accumulation Fund; (2) the Other Post-Employment

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Benefit Investment Fund; and (3) the Other Post-Employment Benefit Expense Fund. These funds
will be maintained by the Public Employees Insurance Agency on the board's behalf.

(k) The Public Employees Insurance Agency, on the board's behalf, shall prepare an annual report of fund activities. Such <u>The</u> report shall include, but not be limited to, independently audited financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The financial statements must be independently audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in government auditing standards as issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

(I) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the Public Employees
Insurance Agency shall be entitled to request and receive any information that it deems necessary
and appropriate from any relevant retirement system in order that the provisions of this article
may be carried out.

§5-16D-4. Actuary.

(a) The actuary employed or retained by the Public Employees Insurance Agency shall
 provide technical advice to the Public Employees Insurance Agency and to the board regarding
 the operation of the fund.

(b) Using the actuarial assumptions most recently adopted by the board, the actuary shall,
on a biannual basis, or as frequently as the board <u>or generally accepted accounting principles</u>
<u>deems</u> determines necessary, set actuarial valuations of normal cost, actuarial liability, actuarial
value of assets, and related actuarial present values for the state plan for other post-employment
benefits.

§5-16D-6. Mandatory employer contributions.

(a) The board shall annually set the total annual required contribution minimum annual
 <u>employer payment</u> sufficient to maintain the fund in an actuarially sound manner in accordance
 with generally accepted accounting principles the annual finance plan.

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(b) The board shall annually allocate to the respective employers the employer's portion

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of the annual required contribution, which allocated amount is the "employer annual required
contribution" proportionate share of the collective net other post-employment liability as
determined by the actuarial valuation in accordance with generally accepted accounting
principles.

9 (c) The board may apportion the annual required contribution into various components. 10 These components may include the amortized unfunded actuarial accrued liability, the total 11 normal cost, the employer annual required contribution and the lesser included minimum annual 12 employer payment. In the board's annual apportionment of the annual required contribution, any 13 amounts of the minimum annual employer payment apportioned to reduce the amortized 14 unfunded actuarial accrued liability shall not be treated as premium by the board in the finance 15 plan but, rather, shall be treated as contributions to prefund other post-employment benefits 16 (d) (c) Employers shall make annual contributions to the fund in, at least, the amount of 17 the minimum annual employer payment rates established by the board. 18 (e) (d) The Public Employees Insurance Agency shall bill each employer for the employer

annual required contribution and the included minimum annual employer payment. The Public Employees Insurance Agency shall annually collect the minimum annual employer payment. The Public Employees Insurance Agency shall, in addition to the minimum annual employer payment, collect any amounts the employer elects to pay toward the employer annual required contribution. Any employer annual required contribution employer's proportionate share of the collective net other post-employment amount not satisfied by the respective employer shall remain the liability of that employer until fully paid or otherwise amortized.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to change some definitions to provide some flexibility for PEIA to comply with GASB 74 and 75 and remain consistent with the established liability allocation process to address the unfunded liability.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.